FOOD FOR PEACE FACT SHEET

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CONTACT INFORMATION

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Food Security Situation*

- Sri Lanka is classified as a lowincome, food-deficit country. In recent years, conflict and recurrent droughts, floods and landslides have further reduced access to food.
- Since the end of October 2009, significant progress has been made in the Government of Sri Lanka-led process to return IDPs to their areas of origin.
- As of February 25, approximately 101,000 IDPs remain in emergency camps. Some 75,000 IDPs have returned to their places of origin. More than 99,000 IDPs are living with host families and nearly 1,200 IDPs have been placed in care institutions.
- Stakeholders are working to address key protection concerns in the return areas such de-mining, security challenges, and lack of infrastructure.



CIA Factbook, May 14, 2009

Total Food for Peace Contributions

Fiscal Year 2010 (to date)	\$17.9 million	22,230 MT
Fiscal Year 2009	\$28.7 million	38,550 MT
Fiscal Year 2008	\$28.6 million	31,360 MT
Fiscal Year 2007	\$14.1 million	24,200 MT
Fiscal Year 2006		

Food for Peace Contribution Breakdown

	FY10 (to date)		FY09	
Partner	Emergency		Emergency	
	USD in millions	metric tons	USD in millions	metric tons
WFP*	\$17.9	22,230	\$28.7	38,550

Food for Peace Program Details

Awardee: World Food Program

Targeted Beneficiaries: 1,175,000 internally displaced

persons (IDPs), IDPs returning to their

home areas and other conflict-

affected people

Current Projects: Targeted food assistance; IDP return

packages; restoration activities using Food for Work/Food for Training; safety net strengthening targeting particularly vulnerable groups such as pregnant and lactating women, infants

and schoolchildren

Project Locations: Conflict-affected districts in the north

and east of the country

^{*} FY: fiscal year; MT: metric tons; WFP: World Food Program

^{*}Food Security Situation information provided by U.N. OCHA as of February 22, 2010